

Mumbai University | Contract Law PYQ |

August 2023

For law students preparing under Mumbai University, Previous Year Question Papers (PYQs) are among the most reliable exam tools. They show recurring topics, expected answer patterns, and how deeply you must write in the examination.

This blog provides **English version** of the **August 2023 Contract Law & Specific Relief** question paper so students can revise smartly and effectively.

 **Time: 2 Hours 30 Minutes**

 **Marks: 75**

Q.1) Answer in one or two sentences (Any Six) (12 Marks)

1. Define 'fraud' under the Indian Contract Act, 1872.
2. What is invitation to offer?
3. What is mandatory injunction?
4. What is consensus ad idem?
5. What is contingent contract?
6. Explain the term 'voidable contract' under ICA, 1872.
7. What is counter-offer?
8. Which parties are competent to enter into a contract?

Q.2) Write Short Notes (Any Two) (12 Marks)

1. Anticipatory breach of contract

2. Clayton's Rule
3. Rescission of Contract
4. Digital Signature

■ Q.3) Solve the following (Any Two) (12 Marks)

1. Shop Possession Case (X vs Y)

X was in possession of a shop owned by Y. Due to financial difficulties, X could not pay rent. Despite reminders, X failed to make payment. On a weekly holiday, Y broke open the lock, entered the shop, replaced the lock, and took the keys home.

A) What remedy does X have?

B) What is the time period within which X can take action?

2. Offer & Acceptance – Death of Offeror

X makes an offer to Y. X dies the next day, but Y is unaware of his death. Y sends acceptance to X's address.

Is a valid agreement formed? Support your answer with reasons.

3. Contract for Sale of Rice – Arman Fails to Take Delivery

Alex sells wheat and rice wholesale. He contracts to sell 500 kg of rice to Arman for ₹50 lakh. After formation of contract, Arman fails to take delivery. The rice remains stored in the godown.

1. Can Alex file a suit for breach of contract?

2. What are the rules for ascertaining damages in case of breach of contract?

4. Minor Taking Loan by Impersonation

T, aged 16, takes a loan of ₹20,00,000 from SW Finance Pvt. Ltd., using an ID proof of his 21-year-old friend. T's mother learns of this and emails the company stating that T owes them nothing.

1. Is T's mother correct? Give reasons.
2. Explain T's liability with reference to relevant case laws.

■ Q.4) Explain the following (Any Three) (39 Marks)

- a. All contracts are agreements, but all agreements are not contracts. Explain.
 - b. What is breach of contract? Explain rules and remedies for breach as per ICA, 1872.
 - c. Explain the provisions for preventive relief under the Specific Relief Act.
 - d. Explain the principle of unjust enrichment with reference to quasi-contracts.
 - e. Explain provisions relating to fraud and misrepresentation. Discuss the differences between them.
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Why this PYQ Matters

This PYQ gives students a clear understanding of the exact exam pattern and question style of Mumbai University. It highlights the most frequently tested topics in Contract Law, helping students study strategically. Practicing from this paper improves accuracy, confidence, and time management during exams. It is one of the most reliable tools for scoring high in Contract-I and understanding core legal concepts.

Also read: [Mumbai University | Contract Law PYQ | April 2023](#)